UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/667,811	09/22/2003	Yun Cho	678-1121	2139	
66547	7590 01/15/2008		EXAMINER		
THE FARRELL LAW FIRM, P.C. 333 EARLE OVINGTON BOULEVARD			BOATENG, ALEXIS ASIEDUA		
SUITE 701 UNIONDALE	NV 11553		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		
ONIONDALL	, 141 11333		2838		
		·		25: 11/57/ 14/075	
	•		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			01/15/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

				_9/			
		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/667,811	CHO ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Alexis Boateng	2838	-			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence address -	·-			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAISIONS of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO cause the application to become	IICATION. a reply be timely filed DNTHS from the mailing date of this communica ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 M	arch 2007.	•				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠ 5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-8,10 - 12</u> is/are pending in the application of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-8, 10 - 12</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Applicati	on Papers						
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to drawing(s) be held in abey ion is required if the drawin	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	` ,			
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) [/ a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in ity documents have bee i (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No n received in this National Stage				
		,					
Attachment	Ne)						
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)				
2) Notice 3) Inform	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No	o(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 1 4, 6 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Law (U.S. 5,733,674).

Regarding claims 1 – 3, 6 and 11, Law discloses wherein a battery charger for a mobile phone, comprising:

a first slot having an opening at front and top parts thereof and surrounded by a first inside wall and a first battery pack supporting surface (figure 4 item 100);

and a second slot having an opening at front and top parts thereof and surrounded by a second inside wall and a second battery pack supporting surface, wherein the first battery pack supporting surface intersects of the second inside wall to form an unobstructed opening between the first slot and the second slot (figure 4 item 98).

Regarding claim 4, Law discloses wherein the second battery pack supporting surface is a planar surface, and has a charging terminal thereon (column 8 lines 13 – 20).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Law (U.S. 5,733,674) in view of Kobayashi (U.S. 5,691,618).
 - Regarding claim 5, Law does not disclose the invention as claimed. Kobayashi discloses wherein the charging terminal comes into contact with a terminal formed at a back surface of a battery pack when the battery pack is received on the second battery pack-supporting surface. At the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the Law system with the Kobayashi system so that the battery may be securely charged.
- 5. Claims 7, 8, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Law (U.S. 5,733,674) in view of Weiss (U.S. 5,059,885) and in further in view of Suzuki (U.S. 6,124,699).

Regarding claims 7, 8, and 10, Law discloses in figure 4 item100 has fixing protrusions. In the alternative, Weiss discloses in figure 1 wherein item 111 is a fixing protrusion. At the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the Law system with the Weiss system so that the phone is securely fixed within the system while charging. Law and Weiss disclose the invention as previously claimed, but do not disclose the remainder.

Suzuki discloses in figure 1A wherein item 5 is main lock to fix and release the battery. At the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the Law and Weiss system with the Suzuki system so that the battery is reinforced in the system to ensure optimum charging.

6. Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Law (U.S. 5,733,674) in view of Weiss (U.S. 5,059,885) and in further in view of Suzuki (U.S. 6,124,699) and in further view of Lloyd (U.S. 6,127,802).

Regarding claim 12, Law discloses a battery charger for a mobile phone comprising:

a first slot having an opening at front and top parts thereof and surrounded by a first inside wall and a first battery pack supporting surface (figure 4 item 100);

a second slot having an opening at front and top parts thereof and surrounded by a second inside wall and a second battery pack supporting surface (figure 4 item 98), wherein the front part of the opening of the second slot faces the opening of the first slot and is open to the first slot so that there is no obstruction between the first slot and the second slot (figure 4 items 100 and 98). Law discloses in figure 4 wherein item 100 wherein the first slot has a plurality of fixing protrusions. In the alternative, Weiss discloses in figure 1 wherein item 111 is a fixing protrusion. At the time of invention, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to modify the Law system with the Weiss

> system so that the phone is securely fixed within the system while charging. Law and Weiss disclose the invention as previously claimed, but do not disclose the remainder. Suzuki discloses in figure 1A wherein item 5 is main lock to fix and release the battery. This main lock can also be the a sub-lock with a combining groove, which is provided at a lower portion of the second inside wall and combined with a combining protrusion formed at a lower end portion of a reserve battery pack when the reserve battery pack is received in the second battery pack supporting surface. Suzuki discloses in figure 1 wherein a coil spring, item 6, is provided in the main lock for providing a restoring force to the main-lock so that the main lock moves toward the locking groove of the reserve battery pack. Law, Weiss and Suzuki disclose the system as previously claimed, but do not disclose the remainder. Lloyd discloses in figure 3 wherein the main lock, item 105, is provided at an upper portion of the second battery pack supporting surface of the battery charger and combines with a locking groove at an upper portion of the reserve battery pack when the reserve battery pack arrives at the second battery supporting surface, thereby binding the battery pack to the battery charger.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 – 8, and 10 - 12 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Art Unit: 2838

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexis Boateng whose telephone number is (571) 272-5979. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 am - 6:00 pm, Monday - Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ullah Akm can be reached on (571) 272-2361. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

AB

BAO Q. VU